Name _____

WORLD MAPS

Period ____ Date _____

This is a self-study of the geography of the world. You are to make three maps as described below and complete two worksheets. Each project is worth 20 points (4 points off if it is **LATE**). I will keep all maps and worksheets submitted and you will then use these on the map test on September 21. The test will be worth 40 points for a **total of 100 points**. The project grade will be worth an Academic Achievement grade for the six weeks.

PROJECT	POINTS	DATE*
1 Islands	20(Fri.)	8/31
2 Mountains & R	Civers 20 (Fri.).	9/07
3 Countries		9/14

*These are the days the projects are **due**, but you may start them now. If you are absent the day the project is due you need to remember to turn it in the **first** day you return. Also, if you know you will not be in class when it is due (i.e. for school activities, doctor's appointments, etc.), turn in the project before school or the day before. You may turn in your projects early.

REMEMBER: TODALSIGs !!! [Use the elements that are appropriate for the map you are labeling. Will be discussed in class.]

PROJECT 1: Major Islands and Bodies of Water & Plate Tectonics

PROJECT 2: Mountains and Physical Features

PROJECT 3: Countries. Label each country with its correct name, abbreviation, or use a number with a legend (on the map). Use the world map in your textbook or an atlas. Remember to be neat and legible. You might also want to outline or lightly color the countries so you will know where they end and another country begins. Remember, you will need to use these maps for your test and **you will need to read your map.**

See Ms. Lange about access to the *Goode's World Atlas*.

PLEASE DO NOT LEAVE THESE ASSIGNMENTS TO THE LAST MINUTE! WORK AHEAD!

WORLD MAPS PROJECT #1 Worksheet

Date Due:_____

PROJECT 1: Major Islands and Bodies of Water: Label the following islands and bodies of water in its proper location on the map provided. You need to use **green for islands** and **blue for bodies of water** to label the features so **you** can tell the difference between each.

Greenland	Sri Lanka	Atlantic Ocean	Mozambique Channel
Baffin Island	Sumatra	Pacific Ocean	Persian Gulf
Newfoundland	Java	Indian Ocean	Arabian Sea
Vancouver Island	Celebes	Hudson Bay	Bay of Bengal
Aleutian Islands	New Guinea	Bering Sea	Gulf of Thailand
Hawaiian Islands	Borneo/Kalimantan	Bering Strait	South China Sea
Greater Antilles	Philippine Islands	Gulf of Alaska	Yellow Sea
Lesser Antilles	Hainan	Beufort Sea	Sea of Japan
Cuba	Taiwan	Labrador Sea	Sea of Okhotsk
Hispaniola	Kyushu	Gulf of California	Barents Sea
Puerto Rico	Shikoku	Gulf of Mexico	Norwegian Sea
Jamaica	Honshu	Caribbean Sea	North Sea
Bahamas	Hokkaido	Strait of Magellan	Baltic Sea
Galapagos Islands	Sicily	Mediterranean Sea	Caspian Sea
Falkland Islands	Iceland	Strait of Gibraltar	Black Sea
Tierra del Fuego	Ireland	Red Sea	Tasman Sea
Madagascar	Great Britain	Gulf of Aden	Coral Sea
Canary Island	Tasmania	Gulf of Guinea	Gulf of Guinea
Zanzibar Island	New Zealand	English Channel	Irish Sea
Azores	Shetland Islands	Laptev Sea	Great Australian Bight
	Arctic Ocean	Kara Sea	Weddell Sea

Now using the Goode's World Atlas (pp. 8-9) answer the following questions:

- 1. Explain the plate tectonics theory.
- 2. What was Pangaea?

Panthalassa? _____

- 3. Explain the following types of plate boundaries:
 - a. Divergent _____
 - b. Convergent _____
 - c. Transform _____

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4.	What is a Subduction Zone?		
	An Ocean Ridge Zone?		
5.			located on?
6.	What are transverse fractures?		s Angeles?
7.	What are hot spots?		
8.	In general, where do most of the earth		seismic activities occur?
9.	What correlations can be drawn betwe	en plate bound	laries and islands?
10.	Why are there so many seismic activiti	ies in East Asia	a?
	The west coast of the Americas?		
11.	. How do you think the Hawaiian Island	s were formed	?

AP HUMAN GEOGRAPHY

Name _____

WORLD MAPS PROJECT #2 Worksheet

Date Due:_____

PROJECT 2: Mountains and Physical Features: Label the following mountains using **brown or orange** and use the inverted V (M^{\wedge}) to show where they are located. On the blank map provided. Also, label the other physical features.

Rocky Mountains	Tierra del Fuego	Arabian Peninsula	Alps
Great Plains	Cape Horn	Himalayas	Pyrenees
Appalachian Mountains	Atlas Mountains	Plateau of Tibet	Scandinavia
Pike's Peak	Mt. Kilimanjaro	Malay Peninsula	Iberian Peninsula
Mt. McKinley/Denali	Sahara	Indochina Peninsula	North European Plain
Baja California	Sahel	Deccan Plateau	Balkan Peninsula
Yucatan Peninsula	Kalahari Desert	K-2	Caucasus Mountains
Andes Mountains	Namib Desert	Mt. Fuji	Gibson Desert
Atacama Desert	Zaire Basin	Mt. Everest	Great Victorian Desert
Pampas	Ethiopian Highlands	Gobi Desert	Great Sandy Desert
Patagonia	African Rift Valley	Siberia	Great Dividing Range
Amazon Basin	Cape of Good Hope	Ural Mountains	Great Barrier Reef
Brazilian Highlands		Don't S	Stop—Keep Going 📕

Rivers, Lakes and Canals: Label each of these rivers (tracing them from their source to their mouth s - m), lakes and canals using **blue**.

Mississippi River St. Lawrence River Great Lakes Yukon River Colorado River Rio Grande St Lawrence River Great Salt Lake Great Slave Lake Panama Canal Amazon River Orinoco River Parana River Paraguay River Rio de la Plata Congo River Nile River Niger River Lake Victoria Victoria Falls Lake Nasser Lake Chad Suez Canal Tigris/Euphrates River Indus River Ganges River Mekong River Chang River Huang He Lake Baikal Ob River Irtysh River Amur River Volga River Danube River Rhine River Seine River Thames River Murray River Darling River Lake Eyre

Using various world and continental maps in the *Goode's Atlas* answer the following questions:

- 1. Is there a correlation between population density and
 - a. the location of major mountain ranges in the world? Why?
 - b. the location of desert regions? Why? _____

2.	Why is there a large area in southern Africa with under "2 people/square mile"?
3.	What physical feature draws people to settle in Northern India?
4.	In looking at the landform map of North America, which part of the continent is the most mountainous?
5.	Did any earthquakes occur in Texas during the 20 th Century?
6.	Where, if any?
7.	What natural hazards occur in Texas according to the Natural Hazards map [give at least 5]?
8.	Is there any "subsistence crop and livestock farming" in the United States?
	If so, where?
9.	Which Physiographic Region do we live in?
10.	Do the people in the eastern part of South America need to be concerned about tectonic activity?
11.	Where are the highest concentrations of people in South America?
12.	Are there any areas in Europe that are subject to desertification?
13.	What man-made structure explains the higher population densities along the southern border of Russia?

WORLD MAPS PROJECT #2

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14. What part of Asia gets over 80 i	nches of rainfall each ye	ar?
	Is the population density	high or low there?
15. Do many people live in the inter	ior of Australia?	Why or Why not?
16. What part of Africa experiences	Tsunamis?	
Tropical Storms?		
17. What physical feature along the	eastern boundary of the	Sahara Desert allows intensive
subsistence agriculture to develo	op there?	
What are the main crops grown	there?	